Chapter 15.3 – The Protestant Reformation (p. 449-454)

HANNAWI GUIDED READING

*Directions: Answer the questions as you read the text. Some questions have multiple parts, so make sure you are answering everything to get the full credit.*

1. In the fall of 1517, what was listed on the door of the Castle Church in Wittenberg?
2. Why did this shock the people that read it?
3. What were the complaints called, and what did the Pope tell people after they were printed and distributed?
4. Define Protestant Reformation:
5. What caused discontent among the people and why were they losing respect for the church?
	*
	*
	*
	*
	*
6. Define Indulgences:
7. What did Catholics believe for almost a thousand years?
8. What was another major shift occurring in Europe?
9. Who were 2 men who challenged the church? Explain what happened to them.
	*
10. Martin Luther believed the selling of indulgences was sinful. What did he flatly deny? Whose power did he criticize?
11. What language were the theses originally intended for, and why were they nailed to the church door?
12. Because they were printed, what happened?
13. What three contradictions did he make about the Catholic Church?
	*
	*
	*
14. What language did he translate the Bible into? Why?
15. What did Pope Leo X do in 1520?
16. Where was Martin Luther summoned to appear in 1521?
17. Define Edict of Worms:
18. What new religion was formed?
19. How did the term Protestant come into being?
20. Define Theocracy:
21. What did Luther accuse Zwingli of?
22. Because Swiss Protestants could not win support from Lutherans, to whom were they vulnerable?
23. What happened to Ulrich Zwingli?
24. Define Predestination:
25. In what city was a theocracy set up? How did Calvinists view people?
26. What is an example of the strict laws Calvinism had? Why did this appeal to Calvinists?
27. Who reformed the Catholic Church in Scotland?
28. When Henry VIII became king, what title did the Catholic Church give him? WHY?
29. When Henry VIII’s wife Catherine of Aragon could not produce a male heir, what problem did this cause?
30. Define Annulled:
31. Why would the Pope not agree to an annulment?
32. When he gathered Parliament, what declaration did this lead to?
33. Henry changed the rituals of the church very little, but he closed Catholic monasteries and convents. To whom did he give the land?

1. Define Act of Supremacy:
2. How many wives did Henry VIII have? Which one gave him his male heir?
3. When did Edward VI become king? When did he die?
4. Who became queen? What religion did England return to?
5. What did she do to Protestants? What nickname did they give her?
6. Who became queen after Mary? What was one of her first acts in 1559?
7. Who threatened Elizabeth I’s rule? Who did they want on the throne?