Chapter 9.2 – The Spread of Islam (p. 262-267)

HANNAWI GUIDED READING

*Directions: Answer the questions as you read the text. Some questions have multiple parts, so make sure you are answering everything to get the full credit.*

1-5. Fill in the “What occurred?” portion of the chart with information you find in the text.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Date | What occurred? |
| 632 |  |
| 642 (Persia) |  |
| 642 (Byzantine) |  |
| 661 |  |
| Late 740s |  |

6. Abu Bakr was named Muhammad’s caliph. What are **TWO** of the first things he did?

7-9. Use the map on 263 to answer the following questions:

* In what directions did Islam spread?
* What Empire seems to have stopped the spread of Islam to southern and southeastern Europe?
* What geographical features may have affected the spread of Islam to other areas?

10. Who were the Sunnis? Who was their leader?

11. Who were the Shia? Who were considered the leaders?

12. Who were the Sufis?

13. What are **TWO** things the Umayyad Dynasty did to strengthen their rule?

14. What was one freedom Muslims gave to Jews and Christians they conquered?

15. What is one example of a restriction Muslims placed upon Christians and Jews they conquered?

16. What are **TWO** ways the Abbasid’s changed the government in the Muslim Empire?

17. What is one way the Abbasid’s changed the Islam?

18. What are **TWO** roles trade played in Islam under the Abbasid’s rule?

19. How did the Fatmids of Egypt weaken the Abbasid rule?

20. How did the Seljuk Turks influence Islam?

21. How did the Mamluks and Mongols impact the caliphate?

22. Even though the power of the caliphate was over after the Mamluks and Mongols attacked, how did Islam continue to influence the world?

23. Compare and contrast the basic differences between the Sunni and Shia using the Venn Diagram:

