Chapters 8-10 Test Review

**CHAPTER 8**

* Know the definition or significance of the follow

|  |  |
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| Faxian |  |
| Chandragupta Maurya |  |
| Zhang Qian |  |
| mandate of heaven |  |
| Yellow Turbans |  |
| Brahmin |  |
| monsoons |  |
| Shi Huangdi |  |
| Wudi |  |
| Silk Roads |  |
| Legalism |  |
| Filial Piety |  |

* Reasons for the fall of the Han Dynasty
* Name China’s and India’s dynasties - and founders
* Confucianism, Legalism, Buddhism, Hinduism – which dynasties followed these in their empires?
* Describe the Period of Disunion and gap between rich and poor (why a bad thing?)
* Significance of the Silk Roads – major trade that passed along it during the Gupta Empire
* How did the Mauryan Empire decline?
* What is civil service and who did it happen under in China?
* Why was Buddhism appealing to the Later Han Dynasty in China?
* How did the political systems of the Qin and Han differ/seem similar?
* Why was Ashoka’s conversion to Buddhism important? And why did most people like him while he rules India (greatest ruler)?
* How did Chandragupta ensure a strong central government?
* Understand the importance Faxian’s visit

**CHAPTER 9**

* Reluctantly accepted the Umayyad caliph
* Successor
* Came to be known as Medina, “the Prophet’s city”
* Abbasid caliph whose support of scholarship led to lasting Islamic achievements
* “Achieving peace through submission to God”
* The sacred text of Islam
* Secluded part of the palace where Abbasid women were confined
* Journey to Mecca
* Sacred building in the center of Mecca
* Followers of Ali, a cousin of Muhammad
* Muslim legal system of rules
* Acts of worship central to Islam
* Individual report in the Sunna on Muhammad’s actions
* “Struggle for the faith”
* Muhammad’s journey from Mecca to Medina
* Location of Mecca; what drove the economy in the Arabian Peninsula?
* Why did Mohammad leave Mecca? Or Why did Meccans not accept Muhammad?
* 5 pillars of Islam – know the basics
* Qur’an, hajj, fasting, and other topics covered
* The split of Islam, martyrdom of Husayn, and types of Islam that we covered
* Umayyad and Abbasid Dynasties (which came first, basics from vocab work)
* Details of Muslim art and Islam’s view on idol worship
* How did Islam spread throughout the world?
* Who were people of the book
* How were women treated in Islam (use pg. 271 for reference)?
* What is calligraphy?
* Islamic advances in Medicine, Mathematics, Scholarship, and Literature

**CHAPTER 10**

* Great Zimbabwe’s largest stone ruin
* Led Mali’s rise to power
* Open grassland where most of Africa’s people live
* Songhai’s first Muslim ruler
* East African coastal city-state whose economy depended on trade
* Were able to carry supplies across the desert
* Aksum’s sea port
* Stretches 3,000 miles across North Africa between the Atlantic Ocean and the Red Sea
* Can infect livestock and humans in parts of sub-Saharan Africa with potentially fatal parasites
* Who were pastoralists and why did they leave the Sahara 5,000 years ago?
* Study your map of the West and East African Kingdoms
* How did Ghana’s kings keep the price of gold high?
* What is Swahili?
* What was the importance of the west African storytellers
* Be able to identify the different African climates